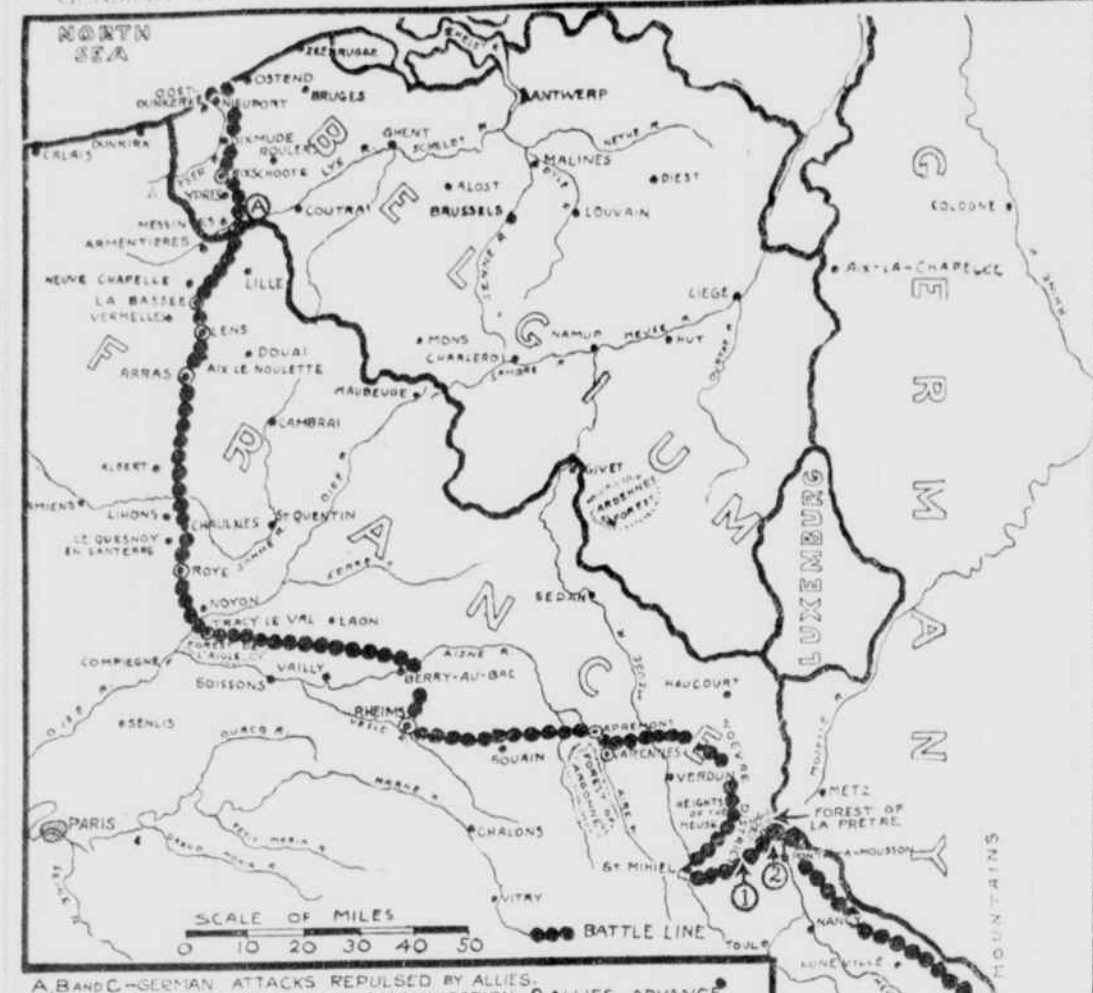


# BATTLE FRONT IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, WHERE FRENCH ARE THREATENING GERMAN CENTRE AND GERMANS ARE ATTACKING ALLIES' LEFT WING.



A BAND OF GERMAN ATTACKS REPULSED BY ALLIES. 1 ALLIES CROSS GERMAN LINE OF COMMUNICATION. 2 ALLIES ADVANCE.

although they were mauled and moved away in the night. Several of them fell into our trenches without rifles and without caps, their clothes torn and their bodies by the thick undergrowth and wires. These attacks ended abruptly, for they were flung back with sickening slowness.

## RUSSIANS CLAIM VICTORY IN POLAND

Continued from page 1

Lithuan Meet Disaster. A regiment of Lithuanians met with a disaster during the battle. It came riding up and charged a battalion of our men who had left their trenches and were pursuing a broken infantry. But the Lithuanians were fired upon by our rifles. Crowded among the trees, their horses were shot, and they themselves were forced to light on foot or flee with the infantry. Some fought and others fled, but those who fought must have found how disadvantageous the sword is against the bayonet.

## Civilians May Take Risks

When the Allies Advance

London, Dec. 11.—Correspondents in Northern France, who anticipate a general advance by the Allies shortly, point out that the situation is fraught with the greatest danger to the civilian population of the towns occupied by the Germans. The sympathies of the civilians, the correspondents think, are likely to lead them to attempt to assist the German troops, and the town of Ypres is a case in point. The Germans are likely to take severe measures for self-protection.

## Germans' Sharp Assaults Are Repulsed by Allies

From Ypres to La Bassée a furious battle has been raging for three days. The French and British troops have repulsed the German assaults on their trenches. Fighting began simultaneously from Menin to Warmenton on one wing, and from Arras to the La Bassée on the other. The Germans are continuing their inaction until a decision is reached on either of these wings.

## GERMAN CREDIT 28 P. C. BELOW BRITISH

Sir Ernest J. Soares Gives Figures to Support Statement on War's Effects.

London, Dec. 11.—"German credit is now inferior to British credit by 28 per cent," said Sir Ernest J. Soares, Assistant Controller of the National Debt, in a statement made today. The June British Consols yielded 75 to 76 per cent and German Imperial 3 per cent, 23 1/2 per cent, the credit of Germany therefore being 18 per cent inferior to that of Great Britain before the war. Both countries have since raised war loans and the yield of the British loan was 4 per cent, that of the German 25 to 26 per cent. A German inferiority of 28 per cent, Soares said, is a serious matter.

## TURKS WELCOME

VON DER GOLTZ

Constantinople, Dec. 10.—Field Marshal Baron von der Goltz, until recently commander of the German army in the Balkans, arrived in Constantinople last night. He was accompanied by the German military attaché, General von Bunsen, and the German naval attaché, Admiral von Soden. The Turkish high command was expected to receive the field marshal and in a speech of welcome presented to him a decoration from the Sultan.

## TURKS MUTINY AT GERMAN BRUTALITY

(By Cable to The Tribune)

Athens, Dec. 10.—Mutiny broke out yesterday among the crews of the Turkish fleet at Constantinople owing to the brutal conduct of their German officers. At the same time, owing to a similar cause, there was a revolt in the barracks at Istanbul, in which two German officers were killed.

## ITALIAN SENATOR DECRIES ARMAMENTS

Rome, Dec. 10.—Senator Morandi yesterday presented in the Senate a resolution in which he says that peace would probably be even more disastrous than the present awful conflict if it obliged Europe to provide new and excessive armaments, as this would mean ruin to the economic forces, and thus would be a grave danger to social order and civil progress.

## C. F. U. to Observe Holidays.

Christmas Day and New Year's Day falling on Friday and Saturday respectively, the Central Federation of Unemployed will hold its regular weekly meeting next week or the week after. The executive board, which meets Monday evenings, will act during these two weeks in any urgent matter.

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## The advertising value of the Equitable to its tenants

The advertising value of the Equitable Building is too obvious to discuss, but it is far too important to be overlooked when you consider that it costs absolutely nothing at all!

In other words, Equitable rents being no higher than rents in other representative and less modern structures, the advertising value and the prestige of an Equitable location are gratuitous.

Broadly speaking, the Equitable offers something infinitely better than you have, for approximately the same money.

Leases now being made from May 1, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed 2 or 3 months ahead of that date.

## Equitable Building

Temporary Office, 27 Pine Street

## GERMANS' TYRANNY SEIZURE OF SHIPS NETTLES BELGIANS INCENSES NORWAY

Amsterdam, Dec. 6.—The situation in Belgium is becoming worse. There is a general scarcity of food and coal, and the condition of affairs in the Louvain, Turnhout and Liège districts is particularly bad. The German authorities in many towns and villages, including Antwerp, have prohibited the inhabitants from leaving, and German tyranny is very severe in some villages. They have taken away many young Belgians, as they fear they will escape and join the Belgian army. North of Turnhout many German soldiers have deserted.

"For the last fortnight we all have been living on starvation," was the statement made to-day by a Belgian committee member distributing American relief shipments in Liège province. "All our grain was exhausted," he continued, "because all of it was requisitioned for the use of the German army. With the exception of a small supply of meat and a meagre quantity of field crops we had nothing."

"Our people knew food was expected from America, and its arrival was the sole topic of conversation throughout the province. Because it did not arrive the first day they heard of its dispatch the poorer classes began to become anxious, and their anxiety increased daily. When they became aware that food from America actually was in Liège they were almost frantic with joy."

"The Americans have saved us from starvation," was the cry on every lip. "If America had not sent us food, we would have starved. Whenever an automobile carrying an American flag passes in the streets the people take to their heels."

"The Belgian citizen stated that the relief committee has established a system of virtual communism. Bakers are the servants of the municipality in which they live."

"Seventeen thousand tons of wheat have been received at Liège," the committee said, "and 35,000 people are being supplied with nearly a half-pound apiece daily. It is not a great quantity for a grown man when he has little else, but it is saving us from starvation. Rich and poor alike are receiving the same amount. Our supply of bread is running out already. We are mixing a considerable percentage of potato flour with the wheat, and by this means we can last another three or four days, by which time we are praying more American wheat will arrive."

"We need 200 tons of wheat daily. The only other food we are able to distribute is less than a quart of soup and until now about a pound of potatoes daily, with a tiny quantity of meat occasionally. Distribution is difficult because the Germans commandeered practically all our means of transport, but the whole province is receiving the same treatment."

"In offering our heartfelt thanks to the American people, we pray them to allow their generosity to continue, for without them we should have starved, and without them we should have starved."

## Woman Tries to End Life.

While a friend played the piano in an adjoining room, Mrs. Josephine Sully, of 538 8th st., Brooklyn, tried to commit suicide yesterday afternoon by shooting herself. She was found in the ribs and hand, and is held in a room in the Methodist Episcopal hospital. No reason is known for her act.

## For Christmas Gifts

Combine the Useful and Beautiful BUY "MILLER" LAMPS

Electric, Gas or Oil. If you are buying Buy "Miller" Lighting Fixtures.

"Miller" Quality is Fine. An Elegant from the factory. The whole should have "MILLER" LAMPS

for sale if you have. Edward Miller & Co., Established 1841

68 and 70 West Place, New York City. 212 Broadway, near Woolworth Building

## Gas Logic is ready for you!

The December number is beautifully printed and illustrated.

Some of the articles are:

"New Year Christmas of By-Gone Days."

"Is There a Santa Claus?"

"Father Knickerbocker's Memories," etc.

Frontispiece—A painting of Old St. John's Church, Christmas Eve, 1860.

Cooking recipes and other helps for the housewife. Puzzle picture for the children.

Copy of Gas Logic free at any Manhattan or Bronx Gas Office, or send a two-cent stamp with your name and address to GAS LOGIC, No. 1 Madison Ave., and have a copy mailed to you.

## It's Advertised in The Tribune

It's Guaranteed. See Editorial Page, First Column.